Development Partners	Areas of Collaboration
Australia	 Australia has a long standing partnership with Fiji in terms of DRR. They have provided asssitance through variouse mechanisms listed below; Revised Preparedness and Response Fund (PRF) Strategy for 2020-2021 focusing on Health. Education and Disaster Risk Management Australian Humanitarian Partnership (AHP) Disaster READY program to strengthen local humanitarian capability in the Pacific and East Timor so that communities are better prepared for and able to manage and respond to disasters Pacific Islands Emergency Management Alliance (PIEMA) to strengthen the emergency preparedness and response coordination capacities of key national responders in Pacific island countries and territories Australia Assist program (Red R) whereby experts can be deployed for technical support Vuvale Partnership between Fiji & Australia: O Pillar 1: Strengthening our people to people links O Pillar 2: Enhancing our security cooperation O Pillar 3: Deepening Economic relationships O Pillar 4: Cooperating on regional & international issues O Pillar 5: Fostering closer institutional linkages in support of strong & inclusive societies
New Zealand	NZ has a long standing partnership with Fiji in terms of DRR. They have provided assistance in terms of immediate disaster repsonse through provision of immediate funding support, deployment of strategic assest for assessments and response efforts and deployment of humanitarian supplies. They also have Grant funding based on needs assessments, which commonly supports Govt, the Red Cross National Society or other responding agencies. In future, this may include a small grants contestable fund for local NGOs. Duavata Partnership between Fiji and NZ https://www.mfat.govt.nz/en/media-and-resources/new-zealand-fiji-statement-of-partnership-2022-2025 Priority Area 1. Partnership, democracy and Values Priority Area 2. Economic Resilience Priority Area 3. Security Priority Area 4. Social Well-being Priority Area 5. Climate change and Disaster Resilience

Japan & JICA	Japan and Fiji have been enjoying friendly and cooperative relations since the establishment of diplomatic relations in 1970. Disaster Risk Reduction has been an intergral part of this relation. Japan has been an instrumental partner in obtaining Fijis DRR priorities in collaboration with Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA). Some of the recent projects include; provision of Technical Advisors to support development and the National Disaster Risk Reduction Policy, Mainstreaming DRR, Upgrade of High Frequency Radios and extension of Tsunami sirens
KOTEA KOTEA International Cooperation Agency	Korea and Fiji, since the establishment of diplomatic ties in 1971, have developed cooperative relations in various fields, including politics, economy, culture, and people-to-people exchanges. Korea has also worked closely together with Fiji at international and regional levels, as member of the United Nations and as Dialogue Partner of the PIF. Korea has also provided direct and indirect support in DRR. Some of the recent project include; Strengthening National and Community Resilience to Disaster and Displacement Risks in the Republic of Fiji through IOM
USAID USAID FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE	USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA) leads and coordinates the U.S. government's response to disasters overseas. USAID/OFDA responds to an average of 65 disasters, in more than 50 countries, every year. The types of disasters that USAID/OFDA responds to are rapid onset disasters, such as earthquakes, volcanoes and floods and slow onset crises, such as drought and conflict. In partnership with other operating units of USAID and other U.S. government agencies, USAID/OFDA saves lives, alleviates human suffering and reduces the social and economic impact of disasters worldwide.
UK	United Kingdom offers partnership towards the development of Fiji and Pacific Islands. Specifically in the areas of climate change, ocean conservation, trade, defence and security.
Indonesia	The Fijian Government has been receiving Humanitarian Disaster Relief Assistance from the Government of Indonesia in the aftermath of disasters. Indonesia has been instrumental in rehabilitation works as well. During COVID response, Indonesia had also procured pharmaceutical supplies, medical equipment and other health related necessities.
Indian	The Fijian Government has been receiving Humanitarian Disaster Relief Assistance from the Government of India in the aftermath of disasters

China ***	Has been supporting Fiji in Agriculture, Training in HR, Disaster Relief, Humanitarian assistance i.e grant aid for COVID as well, Fisheries, Infrastructure Development, Climate Change (recently announced climate action fund for fiji and the pacific), also just announced poverty reduction centre for fiji and the pacific, also announced recentlh reserve of emergency supplies for disaster relief and future pandemic based in guandong province, china to name a few
France	The Fijian Government has been receiving Humanitarian Disaster Relief Assistance from the Government of French Polyneisa in the aftermath of disasters
World Bank THE WORLD BANK IBRD - IDA	Assist through direct budget support to MoE in the form of loans & grants
Asian Development Bank (ADB) ADB	Priority 1: Addressing remaining poverty and reducing inequalities Priority 2: Accelerating progress in gender equality Priority 3: Tackling climate change, building climate and disaster resilience, and enhancing environmental sustainability Priority 4: Making cities more liveable Priority 5: Promoting rural development and food security Priority 6: Strengthening governance and institutional capacity Priority 7: Fostering regional cooperation and integration

European Union (EU)	ACP-EU Partnership Agreement – seeks to reduce poverty through sustainable development and gradually integrate Fiji into the world economy. The EU provides assistance through the European Development Fund – €28 million in 2014–20 in 2 main sectors (working also through civil society groups): Sustainable rural livelihoods:			
* * *	To make Fiji's agriculture sector more sustainable, especially vulnerable sugarcane farming communities. But also looking at alternative livelihood options.			
	Public administration reform & governance; Giving poor and marginalized communities better access to legal services and products by strengthening the capacities of key justice and governance institutions.			
	Regional funding The EDF funding will be complemented by operations financed by the Pacific Regional Indicative Programme which has a budget of €166 million for the region			
	Council of Regional Organisations in the Pacific (CROP) Agencies			
Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SP(The NDMO works closely with the Disaster and Community Resilience Programme. It is the largest of SPCs key				
Pacific Community Communauté du Pacifique	technical pillars within the GEM Division. It develops, implements and supports coordination of innovative applied science and technical action to respond to some of the greatest challenges facing Pacific Island countries and territories. It also helps drive critical partnerships for action by using science to better inform decision making			
Pacific Islands Forum Secretariat	The PS for MRMDDM currently chairs the Pacific Humanitarian Pathway for COVID 19 regional Taskforce formed under PIFS. The Director NDMO currently is the co-chair for the Risk Governance TWG formed under PIFS.			
	International NGOs			

UNDRR	UNDRR UN Office for Disaster Risk Reduction	Focal point in the UN for the coordination of DRR and to achieve synergies among DRR activities of the UN system and regional organisations and activities in socio economic and humanitarian fields
UNOCHA	OCHA	Provides support as the conduit for Pacific Humanitarian Team (PHT) and provides support in information management
IFRC	+ C	Provides support through Fiji Red Cross and also provides technical support for policy development and legislative reviews
UNDP	UN DP	Provide support trowards strengthening early warning systems and climate monitoring capacity, Developing preparedness and planning mechanisms and tools to manage disaster recovery processes, has various DRR support program eg, Gov4Res project that has been instrumental in providing support towards Ministrys Risk informed development projects
WFP	WFP	Provides logistics and Communications support and provides technical support to the Fiji Food Security and Livelihood cluster
FAO	F A O	Provides technical support to the Fiji Food Security and Livelihood cluster

WHO	Provides technical support to the Fiji Health & Nutrition Cluster
IOM	Provides technical support towards displacement projects & programs
THE UNITED MIGRATION	NATIONS I AGENCY
UN Women	Provides technical support towards Women resilience programs and supports the Fiji Safety & Protection cluster
WOMEN	
UNICEF	Provides technical support to the Fiji WASH & Education cluster
unicef	
CDRI	The Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure (CDRI) is a partnership of national governments, UN agencies and
	programmes, multilateral development banks and financing mechanisms, the private sector, and knowledge institutions
CDRI	that aims to promote the resilience of new and existing infrastructure systems to climate and disaster risks in support of sustainable development.

CDRI promotes rapid development of resilient infrastructure to respond to the Sustainable Development Goals'

imperatives of expanding universal access to basic services, enabling prosperity and decent work.

Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure